

A champion brave, alert and strong... To aid the right, oppose the wrong.

Camp Douglas, U. T., Saturday Morning, December 8, 1864

No. 131.

"These prices everywhere seem small for hard, earnest labor, and I could not help thinking how glad our own farmers would be to give double, and board their workmen at that. Now, it is true that the price of living is not generally quite so high in the countries I have named as with us, yet the difference is no where so great, comparatively, as the prices paid for labor. In fact, to live as well as our people of the same class do, the cost would be nearly the same. The price of potatoes, for instance, in the neighborhood of Dublin is 7 pence a stone of 14 pounds. This is a cent a pound, or 60 cents a bushel. Parsnips are £4, or about \$20 a ton. The price of good butter throughout Ireland is on an average a shilling a pound, so that a man has to work hard 12 or 14 hours to earn a pound of butter. This is the price in town and country. The model farm at Glasnevin got 18 pence or 36 cents a pound in January of this year, 1864, and the lowest price at any time is a shilling or 12 pence—that is 24 and 26 cents. I made similar inquiries as to the price of common articles as a means of comparison everywhere I went, and I know about how the case stands, for I made it a practice to record such items on the spot. The price of beef is about as high on the continent as with us, and I think the same quality of meats about as high."

# The Daily Union-Verdette

SATURDAY MORNING, DEC. 3, 1864

**REMARKS ON THE "WAGON ROAD."**  
A Value, marked "C. H. Hempstead," supposed to have been lost between Fort Bridge and Salt Lake. The finder will be suitably rewarded by returning it to the owner, or leaving it at the Stage Office.

## Literary Party and Reunion.

Should all the meetings of the Young Men's Literary Association of S. L. City prove so decided in their success as was the inaugural one held on Thursday evening last at Duff's Hall, the members will certainly have no reason to complain of any want of pleasant associations within the meeting and especially agreeable ones outside, and resulting therefrom. After an inaugural from L. Sam'l E. W. Becker, in which he expounded the principles of the Association very fully and clearly, the audience called, in succession, Judges Titus and Drake, and Capt. Hempstead—all of whom responded felicitously and in such fashion that generous applause followed the remarks of each.

Subsequent to the meeting an impromptu serenade was gotten up by the members and the band, to several of our respected citizens and fellow members, who, not expecting anything of the kind, may doubtless have been a little vexed in the first instance by the appearance of such a number of men at their gates, but they were no doubt agreeably surprised by the strains produced by the new Camp Douglas Brass Band, which has for the last few weeks been under the guidance of the former Band Leader Langhans. Judge Titus answered the serenade by one of the impressive speeches for which he is famous—Messrs. Frank and Wm. Gilbert responded in a substantial manner, though different in kind, and finally our friend Mr. Rosenbaum was called upon, (and we found him on that occasion, as the Southerners would say, "thar"). Mr. Rosenbaum and his estimable lady deserve, in the first place, and secondly have, the thanks of the Young Men's Literary Association for the great kindness with which they received the members of that association and the band at the very late hour at which both made their appearance in front of the hospitable mansion of Mr. Rosenbaum.

We are happy to chronicle that this shall by no means be the last of similar happy evenings on the part of the membership, and under all circumstances, it is understood that the thanks of the Association are tendered in the most heartfelt manner to Judge Titus and Drake—to Capt. Hempstead, to the Messrs. Gilbert, and to Mr. and Mrs. Rosenbaum. To the latter family the Association would state that the kindness extended them will ever be gratefully borne in mind, and that at some future time its members may have an opportunity of fully acknowledging their indebtedness to the generous hospitality of the family, and more especially to the kindness of Mrs. Rosenbaum.

**RATHER POINTED.**—A high private of extraordinary dimensions lumbered into the presence of General Thomas and asked for a furlough, adding, "General, I wish to go home and see my wife." "How long is it since you have seen your wife?" inquired the General. "Why," he answered, "I haven't seen my wife for over three months." "Three months!" remarked General Thomas, "why I haven't seen my wife for three years." "Well, that may be," rejoined the other, "but you see, General, me and my wife ain't of that sort." Of course the high private got his furlough after that rub.

## BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION-VERDETT.]

New York, Dec. 1st.

The Times' special from Nashville the 30th at midnight says: The enemy at 4 o'clock this afternoon, made a heavy attack at Franklin with two corps, but after persistent fighting were repulsed at all points, with a loss of 600 killed and wounded, and 1,000 prisoners. One rebel Brigadier-General was captured. Our loss was about fifty.

Collingwood, C. W., Dec. 1st.

The Custom authorities yesterday seized boxes containing gun carriages, cannister, grape shot, etc., for an 18 pounder. The steamer Georgian is daily expected.

Washington, Dec. 1st.

Richmond papers of the 29th contain dispatches from Augusta which state that Sherman had not approached that city, and doubt the statement in the Savannah papers of the 24th, that he had been defeated in his efforts to cross the Oconee river, and that his attempts to march eastward had been baffled.

The rebels claim that they still occupy Macon, and the Richmond Enquirer argues that Sherman cannot reach that city.

New York, Dec. 1st.

The Herald's Martinsburg correspondent says: Of the affair at New Creek, Col. Latham was in command, and being warned of the engagement at Moorfield had his men posted for the attack, and was watching all night, but the enemy not coming vigilance was relaxed. The next day Prosser pounced on his pickets and got inside his lines before he could gather his men. We lost six or seven guns, and some 300 men. Col. Latham, who was missing until the 30th, turned up at a distance from the scene of strife.

Cairo, Nov. 30th.

Information of a seemingly reliable character is received, to the effect that Capt. Summes, of the pirate Alabama, arrived at Baghdad, Mexico, Oct. 11th, en route to Richmond via Matamoros.

Up to the 20th there was no quorum in the Arkansas Legislature.

Memphis papers of yesterday give detailed accounts of a plot by which rebel agents are to burn the Memphis and Charleston railroad depot, worth \$2,000,000. The plot was discovered by United States detectives, to whom the matter was entrusted by Gen. Washburn, and the incendiaries were captured in the act of firing the buildings. It is alleged that these agents were to receive from the rebel Government ten per cent. on the valuation of the property destroyed.

Washington, Dec. 1st.

The following official dispatch confirming the report of the victory in Tennessee, was received at headquarters in Franklin, Nov. 30th. The enemy made a heavy and persistent attack with about two corps, commencing at 4 p. m., and lasting 'till after dark, and was repulsed at all points with the very heavy loss of probably 5 or 6,000 men. Our loss is probably not more than one-tenth of that number. We captured about 1,000 men, including one Brig.-General.

Signed: SCHOFIELD.

New York, Dec. 1st.

The Commercial says Richmond papers of Tuesday contain no intelligence concerning Sherman. They state that neither Macon nor Augusta were taken on the 26th, and trains were running regularly between the two cities.

Nashville, Dec. 1st.

Parties have arrived from the front who were witnesses to the battle yesterday, and describe the attack of the rebel force as desperate. Four charges were made upon the Federal masked batteries in body of four lines deep, and each time the rebels were repulsed with fearful slaughter. The fort is on the north bank of the river opposite the town. Ex-

tending up the river and encircling the town was a line of masked batteries. Eye witnesses say the engagement in desperation and furious fighting was hardly equaled by the battle of Stone river. Forrest was on the field rallying his men, and rumor is in circulation that he was killed. About 7 o'clock last night heavy reinforcements reached Schofield, which caused the complete rout of the rebel forces. The city today is full of fleeing residents from Williamson and other counties south. They state that Hood is gathering up all the horses, mules and hogs he can, and sending them south. The forces under Thomas retired from Franklin last night, and have taken position and formed a line of battle about three miles south of Nashville. Skirmishing was going on all day, and about five miles south of here heavy cannonading was distinctly heard. In the city no want of confidence is felt by the citizens in the ultimate success of the Federals. The employers in the quartermasters' departments are under arms in trenches. One hundred and seven rebel officers, including one Brig.-Gen. and several Colonels, and one thousand prisoners, arrived in the city this morning, who were captured in the fight last night. A great battle is momentarily expected.

New York, Dec. 1st.

Rio Janeiro dates of Oct. 13th are received. A violent tornado occurred on the 13th. The city suffered severely—for about a quarter of a mile in width many houses were blown down and others completely riddled by hail. The tornado lasted fifteen minutes; several vessels were capsized and a number of lives were lost.

Nashville, Dec. 1st.

Hood's infantry crossed the Harpeth river this morning and has not advanced that portion of his force since. His cavalry crossed the Harpeth at the ford above Franklin this morning at daylight, closely following General Wilson, who retired in this direction. Skirmishing with the advance has occurred all day, and Wilson occupies a position a few miles south of Nashville and is able to resist any force the rebels may bring against him.

An officer who witnessed the fight at Franklin describes it as one of the most sanguinary of the war, and the determined bravery of the rebels exceeded anything before seen. Although slaughtered by hundreds they still advanced against our batteries. Within five hours eleven distinct assaults were made against our works, and each a failure. The battle being ended the enemy's forces quietly withdrew from the town. Among the casualties is Maj. Gen. Stanley, wounded by a shot in the neck. The rebel General Cheatham is reported as wounded. It is rumored this evening that Hood is moving east to Murfreesboro.

New York, Dec. 2d.

Files of Georgia papers to the 25th, and Richmond papers to the 29th are received. While Sherman is no doubt steadily advancing across the State of Georgia in full accordance with the programme which he prepared for himself before leaving Atlanta, if judgement was formed of his movements by the records of the frightened rebel newspaper men we might consider his course very erratic. His army is omnipresent, then again, it is nowhere. It is here, there, and everywhere, stretching its terrific lines across the State, and anon, it has vanished entirely. Richmond papers of last Tuesday say, the rebels still occupy Macon, and that up to Saturday last Sherman had not approached Augusta. It is claimed for the fiftieth time that Kilpatrick's cavalry were repulsed at Oconee river on the 21st ult.

The Augusta Chronicle says that on the same day the Yankees left the line of the Georgia railroad, going southward,

which means that Gen. Slocum was moving his column to form a junction with Howard.

Sherman's movements have cut Governor Brown off from the interior with the eastern portion of the State, and the President of the State Senate, Mr. Wright, is apparently delighted in one respect at least, and by this occurrence has taken advantage of it and resumed ex-officio gubernatorial control over Eastern Ga., and issued from Augusta a proclamation revoking the Governor's order regarding the militia. Mr. Wright directs the militia to report to him and not to Gen. Smith, as Brown had ordered. General Wade Hampton, from Virginia, and Bragg, from North Carolina, are reinforcing the Georgia rebels.

New York, Dec. 2nd.

The Herald's Natchez correspondent of the 21st, gives an account of the rebel operations along the Red river, in La., and particularly at and around Alexandria. The rebel Gen. Buckner commands in that region, and has his headquarters at Alexandria, where additional formidable defensive works have been erected for the purpose of rendering it impossible for Union gunboats to again ascend Red river. The dams which Gen. Bailey constructed to release the fleet accompanying Banks' army, has been used to form a part of these fortifications apparently with very good effect, for rebel designs. In all the country as far around as Gen. Buckner's authority reaches, an indiscriminate and merciless conscription of all male inhabitants is enforced. Old men and young boys, foreigners and natives, liables and exempt, are alike gathered to swell the ranks of the rebel armies.

Herald's Orleans correspondence furnishes additional confirmation of the recent report that Allen, the rebel Governor of Louisiana, had organized ten regiments of negroes at Shreveport. At present they are employed in strengthening the defenses of that place, but are instructed in regular military drill, and Allen expects soon to receive authority from Richmond for soon putting them in the rebel army. The Union General, in his official report of the late successful cavalry expedition into the interior of Louisiana, says that he had a strong fight at Liberty and captured 200 prisoners, 25 officers and 3 pieces of artillery, and between 6 and 800 horses, a number of negroes, and destroyed immense rebel army stores on the railroad.

In the Rebel House of Representatives on Monday last, Mr. Foote offered Monroe Doctrine resolutions in a new form, and began a speech in favor of them, but while he was talking the House went into secret session.

The Tribune's Washington special says that Judge Holt peremptorily declined the appointment to the vacant attorneyship. The Attorney General strongly urges that his assistant, Titian Coffee, be appointed.

Sandy Hook, Dec. 2d.

By the China, from Liverpool the 19th. Queenstown the 20th. The news is unimportant. The British Admiral has issued stringent orders against naval officers engaging in blockade running.

New York, Dec. 2d.

By the arrival of the steamer Evening Star we have Orleans advices of the 26th. The Bra contains details of Gen Lee's great cavalry raid fully confirming previous reports of its successes.

## RATES OF GOLD.

COIN—\$12.  
Gold Dust—Virginia, \$35; Boise, \$30@33.

## I. O. O. F.

NOTICE is hereby given to all members of the I. O. O. F. in the vicinity in good standing, that a meeting of the Order will be held at the Quarter-Master's Office at Camp Douglas, U. T., at 6 o'clock, p. m., on Sunday, Dec. 4th, 1864, for the purpose of considering the propriety of forming a Lodge. A full attendance is desired.  
R. L. WESTBROOK,  
L. J. WHITNEY.  
Camp Douglas, Dec. 1st, 1864.

## GILBERT & SON,

Main Street, next to Salt Lake House.

## WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Dealers in

Groceries, FINE OZA SUGARS,

Provisions,

Clothing,

Hardware,

Crockery,

Glassware,

Stationery,

School Books,

All kinds Preserves, Pie and Can Fruits,

Coats,

Pants,

Vests,

Hats,

Caps,

Boots,

Shoes,

Gloves,

Handkerchiefs,

And a Splendid Assortment of

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS.

Also a Large and

WELL SELECTED STOCK

OF

Dry Goods,

Consisting of

Shirts,

Laws,

Cambries,

Calicoes,

Checks,

Chambrays,

Flannels,

Shawls,

Ribbons,

Laces,

Hosiery,

And a well selected assortment of

Fancy, and Toilet Articles,

Such as

Hair Brushes,

Tooth Brushes,

Flesh Brushes,

Nail Brushes,

Coarse and

Fine Combs,

And a Choice Selection of

Femmes and Perfumery

Call and examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

No Trouble to Show Goods.

Remember the place, next door to the Salt Lake House, Main Street, Salt Lake City.

GILBERT & SON.

## Local Matters.

One of the incidents that from time to time occur within the precincts of "typo's" abiding place, occurred yesterday morning with us. On showing the smallest possible portion of our "pbiz" from beneath the warm and bountiful supply of covering which is so generously issued by our "Good Uncle," we were hailed by two or three of our room mates with something like this: "Mr. Local—look out at the window, there's six inches of snow, and not a solitary stick of wood cut either!" We, under the pretense of enjoying a profound snooze offered no immediate suggestion to their relief in the way of wood cutting, when another of our institution—through great exertion—places himself in an upright "posh," and after clearing his throat of a "reveral" quantity of phlegm, etc., shouts at the top of his "grizzly bear voice," "I say, this is the printing office I ever saw—here 'tis dreary, cold, dreadful, awful, horrible, freezing water, and we are expected to 'set' from 10 to 12,000 ems to please and gratify the whims of a 'Local' who does not even appreciate our labor sufficiently to get up and build a fire." After this gush of our "compos" he covered himself, and anticipated an effect would be produced with regard to the axe and log. But somehow or other this eloquence only plunged "us" in an unwakeable sleep. However, we managed to make an invisible opening between our blankets, through which we could discern the agony of mind enjoyed by our orator: and shortly, he finding that the "Local" was beyond a doubt asleep, and that soundly too, "quietly" gets up, fluds some wood and builds a fire. The silence which ensued in our sleeping apartment after the absence of the disturber of our repose, caused a sudden reaction on our nerves, and we found that sleep was impossible. So up we jumped—hurriedly dressed, and soon made our appearance along side of the fire which our agitator had kindled—when we anxiously inquired how long since he had arisen? fully convinced him that he was possessed of manly fortitude "unprecedented" to venture out so early, and positively assured him that had he but simply awakened us we would have come to his succor. "He couldn't see the point, and we don't know as we have been able to tell him."

**RUNAWAY—NARROW ESCAPE.**—On Wednesday evening the Eastern coach, after leaving Gen. Connor at his residence in Camp, proceeded to the city with Capt. Hempstead and one other passenger. In descending the steep hill near Camp, the lever of the break on the coach snapped asunder, and the horses taking fright became entirely unmanageable. They ran with headlong speed, the driver essaying his best to keep them in the road. About a mile from Camp the road runs between two precipitous gorges from fifty to one hundred feet in width, and with perpendicular sides. Finding himself thus hemmed in and his team beyond his control, the driver (a most excellent whip) took the chances and determined to risk turning the horses up hill. Circling around with the speed of the wind, they were headed up the hill, the wheels barely escaping the yawning chasm near which they passed, and the affrighted horses eventually stopped. If the driver had gone a hundred yards further before making the turn, the whole institution must have been dashed to atoms down the ravine. Report says our senior, "deeming prudence the better part of valor," footed it down the balance of the hill and far on his way to town.

An amusing cut in Harper's Weekly of Oct. 29th, represents "Little Mac" as seated in a car upon one of the Eastern railroads, with the conductor just stepping in at the door—when McClellan inquires when that train starts for Washington. The conductor replies that if he wanted to go to Washington he should have taken the Baltimore train, which started from the opposite platform, and asks the General if he didn't know that the "Chicago" train was not running to Wash.

Turkeys are selling at only \$15 a piece in S. L. City—they do condescend to take \$20 each by the lot of 50 and 100.

The following named gentlemen, are Officers in the Young Men's Literary Association recently formed in this city. Dr. J. P. Tiernan, President; D. R. Firman, Vice President; Edw. Pennington, Secretary; E. Ransohoff, Treasurer; W. H. Whitehill, Sergeant at Arms; David B. Stover, Usher. At a meeting held by the Association on Thursday even'g, the following resolutions were passed:

**Resolved**—That the members of the Young Men's Literary Association, tender their sincere thanks to Adjt. Becker, 3d Inf. C. V., Hon. Judge Titus, Hon. Judge Drake and Capt. Hempstead, U. S. Vols, for the able manner in which they addressed the Association on the evening of December 1st.

**Resolved**—That the thanks of the Association are extended to the Camp Douglas Brass Band for their attendance and music.

**Resolved**—That the Association extend a vote of thanks to Lieut. Firman and Mr. Pennington for decorating the Social Hall.

**Resolved**—That the Secretary be, and is hereby instructed to have the above published in The Daily Union-Verdier. Edw. Pennington, Sec.

Parties located in the Rush Valley mines speak in the most encouraging tones of the richness of their lodes, and say that machinery for saw and quartz mills will soon be en route from California. The miners have ascertained that requisite castings can be purchased cheaper in California, with the freight added, than they can be bought here.

The alarm of fire on Thursday evening was occasioned by a burning chimney on the Salt Lake Theater.

### [COMMUNICATED.] Sociability.

Come my friends, let us gather ourselves around the fireside this stormy evening, and while the cheerful blaze warms and makes us feel doubly comfortable and congenially social, just by contrast with the cheerless storm without we'll have a social chat about the times in general, and particularly about the friends that are absent—those with whom we but a short time ago parted. The good qualities they possessed shall be remembered with keen pleasure by us, while with christian kindness and forbearance, we will overlook the faults, follies, and, as we may imagine, the shortcomings of the absent ones. So little do we know the motives that prompted or the circumstances that controlled, thereby causing them to do that which we think wrong, but they thought right, or even if it be wrong let us exercise charity and believe it to be an error of the head—not of the heart. And as thought recalls to our remembrance some kind word spoken, or good action performed, the eye will sparkle with keen pleasure and the heart, responsive to the noble incitations of the mind will, with increased pulsations, beat with generous joy at the pleasant recollection.

It is pleasant, particularly at this season of the year, when all nature has put on a cheerless and wintry aspect, covering the earth with a white and spotless carpet, hiding from our eyes the rare vegetable productions of the soil, but especially preventing from growing and blooming into luxuriant fragrance and beauty those rare and beautiful flowers with which a kind, munificent and generous benefactor hath bestowed for our pleasure, and observing the bright and cheerful face of Heaven with dull leaden clouds that hang like a funeral pall over a desolate land. It is at times like this we love to see the familiar and at all times welcome face of friends appear at our door, whom we cordially grasp by the hand and give them a joyful welcome to our firesides, where the feast of reason and flow of soul holds high festival.

## BINGHAM CANON.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons owning interests in Bingham Canon, that a meeting will be held at Messrs Miller Heaton & Co's mills, at the junction of Carr Fork, on Friday, Dec. 16th, 1864, for the purpose of revising the B. L. of West Mountain Mining District and electing a resident of the Canon for Recorder. M. S. STICKNEY, Deputy Recorder.

## WANTED.

A good second hand Melodeon, from four to five Octave. Any person having a Melodeon, in good order, and wishing to dispose of same for a liberal price, can do so by applying at the Valerius Orchestral Store, L. W. A. Case, Carrier. A liberal price will be paid. 23. Terms Cash.

G. Rosenbaum, L. Newman,

## GREAT SALT LAKE CITY

1864

## MEAT MARKET.

TO THE PUBLIC THAT

## ROSENBAUM & NEWMAN

TAKE PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING

TO THE PUBLIC THAT

THEY HAVE

Now Opened

THE

LARGEST MEAT STALL IN THE CITY,

WHERE THE

Choicest Meats

Will Always be on Hand:

BEEF,

PORK,

MUTTON,

VEAL,

LAMB,

PORK SAUSAGE, HEAD CHEESE,

LIVER SAUSAGE,

CORNER BEEF,

CORNER PORK,

PICKLED TONGUE,

TRIPE,

BRANES,

SWEET BREADS,

And everything in the Business.

THE patronage of the Public is respectfully solicited for this establishment.

Every effort will be made to gratify the wishes of customers, and orders sent by the young will have the same prompt attention.

NOTE NEW DEPT. PHOTO. 1864.

WE INVITE INSPECTION:

N. B.—Purchasers will have

their Meats sent to any part

YAH RO of the City

FREE OF CHARGE!

ROSENBAUM & NEWMAN.

Nov. 16th, 1864

## ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS!

N. S. RANSOHOFF & CO.

NEW STORE,

Overland Stage Line Office,

Where they will offer for sale, one of the

Largest

Best

Assorted

STOCK

OF

MERCHANDISE

Ever brought to this City.

First Class Store.

Where we will always have on hand a

Fine and Well

ASSORTED STOCK

Clothing and Furnishing

Goods:

Liberal Deduction Made

COUNTRY DEALERS.

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## ORIENTAL RESTAURANT

(Next door to the Greenback Exchange.)

SALT LAKE CITY.

BATES & DUNYON, Proprietors.

WINE, LIQUORS & CIGARS.

Is the only place where you can get the

SAN FRANCISCO COCKTAILS,

NEW YORK PUNCHES, and

PHILADELPHIA TOM AND JERREYS.

MAY FLOWER SALOON.

WINE, LIQUORS & CIGARS.

HOT AND COLD DRINKS

got up in the

FINEST STYLE.

FRESH ARRIVALS.

NEW GOODS, NEW GOODS.

SIEGEL & CO'S

CLOTHING HALL,

Cor. Main and 1st South Temple St.

Great Salt Lake City.

WE have on hand the most complete assortment of

FALL AND WINTER

Ready Made Clothing

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

ever brought into this Territory, consisting of

every variety of

OVER-COATS (with and without Capes)

DRESS COATS OF ALL STYLES,

PANTS,

VESTS,

SHIRTS,

HATS,

CAPS,

BOOTS,

SHOES,

BLANKETS, ETC.

together with a full assortment of notions of all kinds, which we will sell at prices that will

DEFY COMPETITION,

In order to make room for more

GOODS ON THE ROAD.

Liberal advantages offered to

Country Dealers.

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The fair apparent of Russia is a vast empire of more than seven millions of square miles—an empire comprising one-tenth of the territorial part of the globe, and about one twenty-sixth part of its entire surface. It is a vast empire, and cannot hold one. Grand Duke Nicholas, heir apparent of all the Russias, twenty-one years old, tall, good looking, in splendid uniform, speaking five languages, and with all the accomplishments, is willing to wed, yet cannot get a wife. Only two candidates have presented themselves, and of those he does not like three of them, and his father does not like the other two. So here he is, poor fellow, and can't get a wife; and cold weather is coming.

**GALLANT DAUGHTER.** Sir John Cochran, who was engaged in Argyll's rebellion against James the Second, was taken prisoner, after resistance, and condemned to be hanged. His daughter, having noticed that the death warrant was expected from London, attired herself in men's clothes, and was attacked and robbed the mails between Belford and Berwick. The execution was by this means delayed, until Sir John Cochran's father, the Earl of Dundonald, succeeded in making interest with Father Peter, a Jesuit, who, for the sum of five thousand pounds, interceded with his royal master in favor of Sir John Cochran, and procured his pardon.

**COL. JAMES ON JEFF DAVIS.** Col. James made a speech in Indianapolis lately, where he gave a fuller account of his visit to Jeff. Davis. The Indianapolis Gazette says: He said that Jeff Davis' ultimatum was independence or annihilation. Davis said he would agree to an armistice of thirty, sixty or ninety days if he could be assured that it would result in recognizing the independence of the South; otherwise it would be of no avail, and he would not consent to it. Jeff. Davis says "he will not consent to" an armistice, unless on the basis of Southern independence.

What Stephen A. Douglas said of the rebellion: "The slave question is a mere excuse. The election of Lincoln is a mere pretext. The present secession movement is the result of an enormous conspiracy, formed a year since—formed by the leaders in the Southern Confederacy more than twelve months ago. The conspiracy is now known, armies have been raised, war is levied to accomplish it. There are only two sides to the question. Every man must be for the United States or against it. There can be no neutrals in this war; only patriots or traitors."

Rice was introduced into South Carolina by mere accident. In 1696 a master of a vessel from Madagascar landed about half a bushel of an excellent kind, from which small beginning sprung up an immense source of wealth, both to the agriculturists and merchants of the Southern States. Within little less than half a century from that time 120,000 barrels of rice were exported in one year from South Carolina, and 16,000 from Georgia, all from the remnant of a sea store left in the bottom of a sack.

## UNITED STATES SALOON.

180000 WINE & SPIRITS

This is the FIRST and OLDEST established House in

### SALT LAKE CITY.

If you wish the BEST DRINK, cold or hot, call at this house.

If you wish the BEST COCKTAIL, call at this house.

If you wish to smoke the BEST CIGAR, call at this house.

If you wish to read the LATEST NEWS, call at this house.

If you wish to be TREATED LIKE A GENTLEMAN, call at this house.

A GOOD FIRE

always kept at this House; also, a fine

OYSTER AND LUNCH ROOM,

where everybody can be served on the shortest notice by CHARLEY TURNER or MR. ANGELL.

Lunch Room open day and night, also on

Sundays.

Saloon Hours from 4 o'clock in the morning until 10 at night.

### FROM THE EASTERN MARKET!

JUST RECEIVED

A SPLENDID STOCK OF

GOODS!!

TO

VARIETY TOO GREAT

TO

ENUMERATE!

WALKER BROS.

NEW STORE! NEW STORE!!

ELLIS & BROTHERS

Have just received a full and complete assortment of

General Merchandise,

consisting in part of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS.

MILLINERY GOODS IN VARIETY,

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Hats,

Embroideries of all descriptions,

Cassimere and Berage Shawls,

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes,

Yankee Notions, etc., etc.

Also, a full assortment of Gentlemen's

Ready Made Clothing,

and

Men's Furnishing Goods,

Hats and Caps of all prices and qualities,

Boots and shoes of the best manufacture,

California blankets of varied shades,

Straw hats, Window shades, etc.

And a full and complete assortment of

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY

Rope of all sizes, Glass and Queens

ware, Stationery and Blank

Books, Dye Stuffs, etc.,

All of which we offer for sale, wholesale and

retail, at prices cheaper than the cheapest, taking as our motto

Small Profits and Quick Sales.

One of our firm residing in the market city,

our facilities are such that we shall constantly

be in receipt of new goods, which we will endeavor always to purchase with an eye open to the requirements and to the advantage of this community.

Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere and we assure you that you will be satisfied.

Pollence, strict attention, and Accommodation to Customers, will always be the order of the day.

All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for goods.

\*Our place of business is on the west side of East Temple street, (Main street.)

o8-11

ELLIS & BROTHERS.

BOUNTIES! BOUNTIES!!

The Highest Price Paid for

CALIFORNIA BOUNTIES,

AT THE

SAN FRANCISCO CLOTHING HOUSE.

nov-11

AARON NEWFIELD.

100 & 110 FRODOAN ST.

## FREIGHT TO THE MINES!

THREAS TARR

FREIGHT TO VIRGINIA CITY!

MAMWEN & MUAH320R

Freight to Bannack City!

Freight to Boise City!

Freight to Idaho City!

amount of Transportation, for

ANY AMOUNT OF FREIGHT,

Either by

Wheeler or Ox Teams,

To the above, or other points, with

Safety and Dispatch,

And upon

REASONABLE TERMS.

Apply at my office, Salt Lake House, first door south of Hotel entrance.

HOWARD LIVINGSTON.

September 24, 1864.

MULES.

I have Fifty Head of

Large, Young, and Well Broke

AMERICAN MULES,

Which I will exchange for

WHEAT,

BARLEY,

OATS,

FLOUR,

OR HAY.

Apply at my office, Salt Lake House, first door south of Hotel entrance.

HOWARD LIVINGSTON.

October 24, 1864.

## THE

DAILY UNION VEDETTE

Book, Card and Job

PRINTING

OFFICE,

CAMP DOUGLAS, UTAH TER.

THE PIONEER

DAILY NEWSPAPER

PRINTING OFFICE

UTAH TERRITORY.

Having lately received a large and complete

Assortment of Job Type,

Printing Material

We are now prepared to execute all kinds of

PLAIN, FANCY & ORNAMENTAL

PRINTING,

SUCH AS

POSTERS,

HAND BILLS,

BALL TICKETS,

LETTER HEADS,

MINING CERTIFICATES,

PROGRAMMES,

WAY-BILLS,

CIRCULARS,

CHECKS,

DRAFTS,

NOTES,

CARDS,

ETC., ETC.

And can successfully compete in price, style and promptness with any establishment west of the Rocky, or east of the Sierra Nevada Mountains, and we guarantee satisfaction with every order.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

Specimens of work may be seen at the "Daily Union Vedette,"

Printing Office, Camp Douglas.

## OVERLAND MAIL COMPANY.

TO VIRGINIA CITY, NEV. TER. IN FIVE DAYS

The Overland Mail Company, carrying the

United States Mail

FROM

Salt Lake to Virginia City, N. T.

Forms in connection with the Overland Stage

East, and the Pioneer Stage Co., West, this

GREAT OVERLAND MAIL LINE

BETWEEN

Atchinson, Kansas; and Placerville, California;

And a perfect line of communication between the

ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC COASTS

The coaches of this line are

Neat and Commodious,

And special attention is paid to the comfort and convenience of passengers.

The Trip from

Salt Lake City to Virginia, N. T.

Is made

INSIDE OF FIVE DAYS.

Thence by rapid means of conveyance to Placerville, Sacramento and San Francisco,

making the through trip

INSIDE OF SEVEN DAYS.

Coach's Leave Salt Lake City,

EVERY DAY,

AT TWO O'CLOCK, P. M.

H. S. RUNFIELD, Agent.

Great Salt Lake City, July 1st, 1864.

OVERLAND STAGE LINE

BEN HOLLADAY, Proprietor.

Carrying the great through mail between the

Atlantic and Pacific States.

This Line is now running

DAILY COACHES

In connection with the

OVERLAND MAIL COMPANY,

To and from Atchison, Kansas, Nebraska City and Placerville, California, through Salt Lake City.

Coaches for Atchison and Nebraska City leave every morning at ten o'clock.

A Treasure and Freight Express

Carried weekly between

SALT LAKE, ATCHISON AND NEBRASKA CITY.

In charge of the most Competent and Trustworthy Messengers.

This Line also runs

TRI-WEEKLY COACHES,

Carrying Passengers, Mails and Express matter between Salt Lake City and Virginia City, Montana, via East Bannack City. Also,

TRI-WEEKLY LINE

Between Walla Walla, Oregon, and Salt Lake City, via Boise City, West Bannack City.

Time to Denver, 5 days.

Time to Atchison & Nebraska City, 13 days.

JO. S. ROBERTSON, Agent.